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MEXICO DIRECTORY.

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Dentists, office over Peck's store, Main Street.  
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Druggist, No. 2, Webb Block, Main Street.  
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and Ready-Made Clothing, Main Street.  
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Boots and Shoes, Empire Block, Main St.  
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Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats, Caps,  
Boots and Shoes, &c., Webb Block, Main St.  
BECKER BROTHERS,  
Merchant Tailors, and dealers in Dry Goods,  
Furs, &c., Becker Block, Main Street.  
H. C. BEATS,  
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ing, Jefferson Street.  
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Dealer in Hardware, Stoves, Tin Ware, &c.,  
Main Street.  
E. L. HUNTINGTON,  
Main Street. Watches, Clocks and Silver Ware,  
Main Street.  
G. A. PENFIELD,  
Carriage Manufacturer,  
Corner of Main and Water Street.  
MORSE & IRISH,  
Fire and Life Insurance Agents, one door east  
of Empire Block, Main Street.  
L. MILLER,  
Carriage and Sleigh Manufacturer,  
Near Academy, Main Street.  
BAIL & MOND,  
Tailors, Closets and Hatters,  
Empire Block, Main Street.  
GOIT & RICHARDSON,  
Grocers, and dealers in Groceries, &c.,  
Main Street.  
W. BARKER,  
Meat Market, under Oak and Richardson's,  
Main Street.  
L. G. FALLOLD,  
Dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Butter, Cheese,  
Eggs, &c., corner of Main and Church Streets.  
GEO. W. PRYNE,  
Manufacturer of Harness, Trunks, Blankets, etc.  
Fryne Block, Main Street.  
C. E. HEATON, M. D.,  
Physician and Surgeon. Office over Thomas  
new Store. Special office day, Saturday after-  
noon of each week. Residence—Palais St.  
DR. GEO. P. JOHNSON,  
Physician and Surgeon. Office on Main Street,  
over S. A. Fuller's Hardware Store, where he  
may be found, both day and night, when not on  
professional business.  
HOOSE & COBB,  
Dealers in Groceries and Groceries, Butter,  
Cheese, Eggs, &c. Agents for the Sewing  
Machine. Becker Block, Main Street.  
J. A. RICKARD,  
Hardware, Stoves, Manufacture of Tin, Sheet  
Iron and Copper Ware, Corner of Main and  
Jefferson Street.  
S. L. ALEXANDER,  
Boot and Shoe Store. Custom work done to  
order, and all work warranted. Fryne Block,  
Main Street.  
CYRUS SNOW,  
Manufacturer of Carriages, Wagons, Platform  
Spring Wagons, Carts and Sleighs. Repairing  
of all kinds done on most reasonable terms.  
Opposite Foundry, Main St.  
J. N. F. HALL,  
Barber and Hair Dresser. Particular attention  
paid to Shampooing, and the cutting of ladies  
and children's hair. Shop at his house, on Main  
St., nearly opposite Empire Block.  
CARDS, HANDBILLS, BILLHEADS, CIR-  
CULARS,  
And all kinds of Job Printing at the Mexico  
Independent office, Fryne Block, Main St.  
PARISH DIRECTORY.  
G. W. LUDINGTON & CO.,  
Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and  
Shoes, Hardware, Drugs, Medicines, etc., etc.  
Corner of Main and Railroad Sts., Parish.  
C. L. SCHUYLER,  
Photographer. Rooms in Potter's Block, Main St.  
EDWIN BAKER,  
Attorney and Counsellor at Law. Potter Block,  
Main St.  
E. G. LYNCH,  
Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Ludington  
Block, Main Street.  
L. D. PICKENS,  
General Blacksmith, and Manufacturer of Lard  
or Wagons.  
CERESCO MILLS,  
Flour and Feed.  
ROBERTSON & SLAWSON, Pro.  
33 W. M. PATTENGILL & CO., 37 Park  
Row, New York, 10 State Street, Boston, and  
701 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, are Agents to  
the Mexico Independent in the above cities, and  
authorised to contract for advertising at our low-  
est rates.

VOLUME XIII.



Singer.

Groceries,  
Crockery,  
Glass Ware,  
Plated Ware,  
And Cutlery

CASH PAID FOR  
Butter

AND  
Eggs,  
BY  
Hoose & Cobb,

Boots  
AND  
Shoes.

The undersigned would intimate to  
the people of Mexico and vicinity, that  
he has received a  
SPLENDID STOCK  
OF  
Boots and Shoes  
FOR SPRING AND SUMMER

Second to none in Town for quality and  
style which he is disposing of at a  
Low Figure for  
Cash.

Custom Work done to order and in the  
best style of workmanship.  
ALL WORK WARRANTED.

S. L. ALEXANDER.  
Mexico, Nov. 6, 1872.

GEO. G. WHITAKER, M.D.,  
Physician and Surgeon,  
Has returned to New Haven. Can be found at  
his old residence, ready to attend professional  
calls day or night. 50-51

NEW FIRM!

Bews & Walton  
Founders and Machinists,  
And manufacturers of  
Agricultural Implements,  
and all kinds of Machinery. Also sole  
manufacturers of the  
MONITOR HORSE POWER.  
Mexico Iron Foundry, near the Academy.  
Mexico, May 14, 1873. 28

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In pursuance  
of an order of Timothy W. Skinner, Surro-  
gate of Oswego County, notice is hereby given  
to all persons having claims against Asa Davis  
Everts, late of the town of Mexico, in said  
county, deceased, to present their accounts, with  
the vouchers thereof, to Martha Everts and Asa  
L. Sampson, on or before the 15th day of July,  
1874, or they will lose the benefit of the statute  
in such case made and provided.—Dated January  
5, 1874.  
MARtha EVERTS, Executrix,  
ASA L. SAMPSON, Executor.

This house and lot is situated on Main  
St., nearly opposite the Mexico Hotel, in  
the village of Mexico, is in one of the  
best localities for business purposes, or  
for a residence in the village. This  
place can now be purchased on favorable  
terms, which may be ascertained by  
calling upon the undersigned, at his of-  
fice over S. H. Stone & Co's in the said  
village.  
A. F. KELLOGG, Agent.  
Mexico, July 2, 1873. 35

A LARGE QUANTITY OF  
OATS WANTED AT THE  
TORONTO MILLS.  
29 A. C. THOMAS.

THE following are the prices for coal:  
GRATE, ..... 8.00  
EGG, ..... 8.25  
STOVE, ..... 8.50  
CHESTNUT, ..... 8.25  
CHARCOAL, (per bushel), ..... 20  
Blacksmith Coal always on hand.  
All coal must be paid for when delivered.  
35 W. PENFIELD.

The Attention  
Of the  
Farmers and Citizens

of Mexico and surrounding country  
is respectfully invited to the follow-  
ing  
REASONS WHY  
they should patronize the  
Toronto Mills:

Toronto Mills:

1st. Our facilities for doing OUS-  
TOM WORK, expeditiously, and in  
a manner warranted to give satisfac-  
tion, are not surpassed by any Mills  
in the County:  
2nd. Skillfull and experienced Mil-  
lers, only are employed, and  
customers will always find  
them good natured  
and ready to at-  
tend to  
orders.  
3rd. You can  
always have your  
work done, promptly,  
the same day you bring it,  
thereby avoiding the inconveni-  
ence of having to come a second time  
Having

7 Run of Stone, and sufficient power to  
crowd them,  
We are never CLOGGED, and no  
NO CUSTOM WORK has to be  
left over NIGHT.

4th. By having separate runs of  
stone for different kinds of grain,  
we are enabled to give better satis-  
faction than any Mill can, which  
runs Wheat and Feed through the  
same hopper.

5th. We have in operation two  
first-class Corn Shellers, whereby you  
can have your corn shelled quickly  
and perfectly without extra charge.

6th. You can always get the  
highest market price for all kinds of  
grain at the Toronto Mills.

7th. You can buy Flour, Feed,  
Shorts, Shipping, Screenings, and, in  
fact, anything pertaining to our busi-  
ness, in large or small quantities, at  
or below Oswego prices.

8th. All our work is WARRANTED.  
AMOS C. THOMAS,  
Proprietor  
Iron in the Blood

PERUVIAN  
IRON  
SYRUP

MAKES THE WEAK STRONG.

The Peruvian Syrup, a Protected  
Solution of the Protocitrate of  
Iron, is so combined as to have  
the character of an aliment, is  
easily digested and assimilated  
with the blood as the simplest  
food. It increases the quantity  
of Nature's Own Vitalizing  
Agent, Iron, in the blood, and  
cures "a thousand ills," simply  
by Toning up, invigorating and  
Vitalizing the System. The en-  
riched and vitalized blood per-  
meates every part of the body,  
repairing damages and waste,  
searching out morbid secre-  
tions, and leaving nothing for  
disease to feed upon.

This is the secret of the wonder-  
ful success of this remedy in  
curing Dyspepsia, Liver Com-  
plaint, Dropsy, Chronic Diar-  
rhea, Bolls, Nervous Affections,  
Chills and Fevers, Humors,  
Loss of Constitutional Vigor,  
Diseases of the Kidneys and  
Bladder, Female Complaints,  
and all diseases originating in  
a bad state of the blood, or ac-  
companied by debility or a low  
state of the system. Being free  
from Alcohol, in any form, its  
energizing effects are not fol-  
lowed by corresponding reac-  
tion, but are permanent, infu-  
sing strength, vigor, and new  
life into all parts of the system,  
and building up an Iron Con-  
stitution. Thousands have been changed  
by the use of this remedy, from  
weak, sickly, suffering crea-  
tures, to strong, healthy, and  
happy men and women; and  
invalids cannot reasonably hesi-  
tate to give it a trial.  
See that each bottle is PERU-  
VIAN SYRUP BOTTLED IN THE GLASS.  
Prepared by Free.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In pursuance  
of an order of Timothy W. Skinner, Surro-  
gate of Oswego County, notice is hereby given  
to all persons having claims against Aaron  
Killam, late of the town of Mexico, Oswego  
County, deceased, to present their accounts with  
the vouchers thereof, to Stratton Killam and  
Martha L. Killam, Executors, on or before the 12th  
day of July, 1874, or they will lose the benefit  
of the statute in such case made and provided.  
—Dated Jan. 12, 1874.  
STRATTON KILLAM, Executor,  
MARtha L. KILLAM, Executrix.

The Panic

Has reached MEXICO, and as  
a consequence

C. SNOW

Has resolved to sell his fine lot of

Portland Cutters,  
PONY SLEIGHS, &c.

At Prices to suit the  
Times.

Call and examine his stock before pur-  
chasing elsewhere.

Repairing done on reason-  
able Terms.

Manufactory opposite the Foundry.  
C. SNOW.  
Mexico, Dec. 34, 1873. 8

WM. M. ELY

Would respectfully call attention  
to his new stock of

Undertaking  
Goods,

Consisting of  
Coffins, Caskets, Metallic  
Burial Cases, &c., &c.

Also, constantly on hand a large and  
fine assortment of  
SHROUDS.

Having been to great expense in  
procuring an  
Elegant New

Hearse!

I hope, by strict attention to busi-  
ness, to merit a liberal share of the  
public patronage. I am located at  
my old stand, South Jefferson St.,  
three doors south of the post office,  
where I may be found at any hour  
of the day or night, when not absent  
on professional business.  
Mexico, July 16, 1873. 37

NEW  
JEWELRY  
STORE

IN  
THOMAS' NEW BUILDING, Main St.  
MEXICO, N. Y.  
R. L. Alfred  
Has on hand a large stock of  
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,  
Silver and Plated Ware,  
SPECTACLES  
Of all kinds, &c., &c., to which he invites  
the attention of purchasers.  
Is agent for  
J. Moses' Elec.  
Spectacles.  
Watches, Jewelry, &c., repaired by  
PETER DIDIER.  
Mexico, April 8, 1873. 23

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In pursuance  
of an order of W. H. Kenyon, Special Sur-  
rogate of Oswego County, notice is hereby given  
to all persons having claims against Ebenezer E.  
Mentor, late of the town of Mexico, in said  
county, deceased, to present their accounts, with  
the vouchers thereof, to Stratton Killam and  
Martha L. Killam, Executors, on or before the 12th  
day of July, 1874, or they will lose the benefit  
of the statute in such case made and provided.  
—Dated Dec. 31, 1873.  
ARTHEMISA MENTOR, Executrix.  
T. W. SKINNER, Executor.

Oswego County Savings Bank,  
(Opposite the Fifth Avenue House).  
CORNER EAST BROADWAY AND FIRST ST., OSWEGO.  
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST PAID ON  
DEPOSITS. FREE OF GOVERN-  
MENT TAX. PAYABLE SEMI-  
ANNUALLY, JAN. & JULY.  
A. H. FALLING, Secretary  
J. B. LATHROP, Treasurer.

The Last Hour.

They came to bear his corpse away—  
Before her grim and stark it lay,  
With blood besprent from shield to crest,  
And five wounds open in the breast.

They said to her, "The grave is made  
Wherein your lover must be laid,  
And you nor we have time to spare,  
Unless we seek his fate to share."

She answered, "Yet a little space  
Give me to look upon his face:  
Until this final hour be sped  
Leave me alone here with my dead."

They turned away, these stern-faced men,  
And left her to her watch again;  
Nor stifled sob, nor whispered word,  
Henceforth the woful stillness stirred.

Outside the window, droning bees  
Hummed drowsily about the trees;  
The hot sun blazed along the sky,  
The wandering wind crept idly by.

It shook the sweetest and the bloom  
From trailing vines across the room;  
One white leaf fluttered down to rest,  
And turned to crimson, on his breast.

She, kneeling by the awful bier,  
Made no lament, and shed no tear;  
But the dumb anguish in her eyes  
Might have compelled the dead to rise.

Could any yearning look or speech  
Aval, alas! the dead to reach?  
And the still lips that made no moan  
Were pale as lips are, cut in stone.

His head within her arms' embrace,  
Her cheek laid close against his face,  
And all its silent lips unbound,  
Her dark hair streaming to the ground—

So clung she silently and fast,  
As one by one the moments passed,  
And with the passing hour, once more  
Her brothers entered at the door.

For, marching downward through the land,  
There came apace a hostile band,  
And he who met his lawless horde  
Might choose his death by fire or sword.

Brief time remained for funeral rite  
When need like this arose for flight,  
So they approached, full sore at heart,  
To break that last embrace apart.

And one the tenderest at her ear  
Spoke soothing words of love and cheer;  
But won no answer. Mute as clay  
And motionless as his voice she lay.

Then, with a sudden, vague alarm,  
He touched her cheek, raised her arm—  
The arm dropped lifeless from his hold,  
The cheek already had turned cold.

The grave that hollowed out beneath  
Heid two before this day was done,  
Around it rang the battle din,  
The lovers slept at peace within.

—From the *Altitude for March*.

Over to Canaan I'm Going.

Over to Canaan I'm going,  
To join with the seraphim band;  
Over the cold, rugged mountains,  
To dwell in the heavenly land.

My Saviour's prepared me a mansion,  
Whose beauties to me he'll unfold;  
Yes, over to Canaan I'm going,  
To share in the blessings untold.

The saints are there to welcome me  
With lyres, and harps of gold.

Over to Canaan I'm going,  
Where saints are eternally blest;  
Dear ones are waiting to greet me  
In mansions of heavenly rest.

Earth's pleasures no longer have power  
In bondage my spirit to hold,  
For over to Canaan I'm going,  
To share in the blessings untold.

Refrain.—The saints, &c.

Over to Canaan I'm going,  
Where loved ones forever abide;  
Over the river of Jordan,  
Where Jesus will be by my side.

My Father has built me a temple,  
Whose glories I long to behold;  
Yes, over to Canaan I'm going,  
To share in the blessings untold.

Refrain.—The saints, &c.

Taste and Genius.

The definition of "Taste," given by  
Sir Joshua Reynolds, "is that act of the  
mind by which we like or dislike, what-  
ever be the subject."

"Genius," says the same writer, "is a  
power which no precept can teach, and  
which no industry can acquire."

"Taste" is the power of criticising and  
deciding. "Genius" is the power of exe-  
cuting; taste can exist without genius,  
but genius can not exist without taste;

taste is partly born with us, genius is  
entirely born with us; the taste of a sin-  
gle person may have four or five objects,  
genius can have only one object; genius  
is something higher than taste; taste is  
that which can be improved, but genius  
is always the same during the days of our  
life; it is a faculty which is in us and  
one that may be seen in childhood, youth  
or manhood.

A man may be talented,  
and still not be a genius, although some  
say, when they find a person of ability,  
"he is a genius."

The pleasures of taste are many, more  
with some than with others, according to  
the degree of their taste. If their taste  
is finished, they will find more pleasures,  
than where their taste is rude. The in-  
equality of the tastes of men is owing  
partly to their nature; but education  
has much more to do with it. To have  
a finished taste you must have common  
sense, not carried away with outside  
show; but giving praise to whom praise  
is due. If some one says, he prefers  
Shakespeare's "Coriolanus" to Macaulay's  
"Horatius," I would say I preferred Ma-  
caulay's "Horatius" to Shakespeare's "Co-  
riolanus." There is a difference between  
our tastes; but you would not say either  
of us were wrong. But, if he said Ma-  
caulay's "Horatius" was not better than  
a child ten years old could write, his  
taste would be entirely wrong.

So, improve you must be acquainted  
with the best books written by men of  
genius and intellect, and also with the  
geniuses themselves. Besides, you must  
be conversant with the works of the best  
critics. You must not read books pre-  
pared by men of no genius and of no mind.  
Taste is also improved by constant atten-  
tion to whatever may be the object.

The tastes of persons in regard to scenery  
are very different. One may choose  
the grand as seen in the Falls at Niagara,  
or in a river rushing down, like a torrent,  
covering the banks and taking  
houses, people and cattle on its way.  
Another may choose the grand; but such  
as was seen on the battle field at Lake  
Regillus and at Gettysburg. Or he may  
choose an earthquake, volcano or a storm  
at sea. Some may prefer something else  
not quite so exciting, but one that is grand,  
as a towering mountain, or the looking  
down from the spire of the Cathedral at  
Strasbourg. Beauty is preferred by some  
to the sublime. They are pleased with  
the scenery of the Rhine and of Ver-  
sailles. They would rather see a river  
moving along gently, instead of a cata-  
ract; a "thousand islands" instead of a  
lonely island amidst the wastes of ocean,  
a plain, where sheep and cattle are feed-  
ing, instead of an avalanche rolling down  
a mountain's side.

The tastes of persons also differ in re-  
gard to their ideal of the human fea-  
tures. One prefers flaxen hair, fair com-  
plexion, high and expanding forehead,  
and blue eyes; another prefers raven  
locks, brilliant eyes, firm set mouth, and  
thoughtful expression of the counte-  
nance.

Men of talent, with cultivated tastes,  
may excel the geniuses who have been  
misdirected from their right pursuit; but  
this is seldom found. The great geniuses  
always want to erase what they have  
performed, never satisfied until they have  
gone over the same process again and  
again, and then may not be pleased with  
it. Newton's work on Chronology  
was never printed during his life-time,  
although he had written it over fifteen  
times. Rosseau's Life of Gibbon, was  
composed seven or nine times, and then  
was not finished. Thus genius is more  
exacting than taste.

Many men of genius are deficient in  
conversational power, while men of taste  
are seldom deficient in this art. They  
can write prose and poetry with ease;  
but to converse is difficult. Longfellow  
says, "that geniuses are often dull and  
inert in society, as the blazing meteor,  
when it descends to the earth, is only a  
stone." That great genius, Peter Cor-  
neille, "did not even speak correctly that  
language of which he was such a mas-  
ter." The poet Dryden says, "My con-  
versation is slow and dull, my humor  
saturnine and reserved. In short I am  
none of those who endeavor to break  
jest in company or make repartees."

Those who can converse with freedom  
are apt to think meanly of others who  
have not this gift, attaching but little  
value to real mental ability. This is the  
view Theophrastus, the Philosopher,  
judged of others; for he said to a cer-  
tain one who was entirely silent at a  
banquet, "If thou art foolish, thou dost  
wise thing; if wise a foolish thing."

While men of taste, it may be,  
are talking nonsense, men of genius are  
meditating on the most important subjects.  
It is found out that conversationalists  
seldom become able writers. So the man  
of taste is conversational; the man of  
genius gives the thoughts to them to  
criticise, or to say over to others, who do  
not read.

To be bashful and non-conversational  
at the same time will be mentioned here,  
in an anecdote. A prince of Denmark, of  
seeing the great moralist, Nicolle, ex-  
perienced inconceivable disappointment,  
when the moral instructor, entering with  
the most perplexing how imaginable sank  
down silently on his chair; the inter-  
view promoted, however, conversation, and  
the retired student, whose elevated spirit  
might have endured martyrdom, sank  
with timidity in the unaccustomed honor  
of conversing with a princess, and hav-  
ing nothing to say.

Men of genius seldom care to engage  
in the amusements of taste and exercise  
which men of taste engage in. This is  
found in childhood. While many children  
are playing, these geniuses will be off  
thinking by themselves about plans  
concerning the only things they care for.  
(Concluded in our next.)  
SCHOOL BOY.

Preferred creditors—Those who don't  
dun.

It is impossible to have the last  
word with a chemist, because he always  
has a retort.

Rhode Island has passed the law  
giving discharged convicts one-tenth of  
their actual earnings.

Judge Cowart, of Georgia, says that  
the public have no right to form an opin-  
ion in a criminal case.

Virginia farms are bringing good  
prices. In Henrico county several tracts  
were recently sold for an average of \$50  
an acre.

Queen Victoria is now in her 37th  
year of her reign and 56th of her age.  
She has nine children and twenty-one  
grandchildren.

"Come to his death while being hit  
with a long-handled stepman in the hands  
of his wife." is the expressive verdict of  
an Illinois jury.

The California Assembly has passed  
a bill making it a misdemeanor to invite  
any person to drink, or to accept an invita-  
tion to drink liquor at any public bar.

A man was boasting that he had been  
married twenty years and had never given  
his wife a cross word. Those who  
know her say he didn't dare to.

Russia gives dinners on a scale propor-  
tioned to the extent of its territory. At  
the banquet recently given to the Em-  
peror of Austria covers were laid for 740  
guests.

The editor of a juvenile paper in New  
York recently received the following  
flattering testimonial: "Please stop your  
paper. Our Annie died on Monday, af-  
ter reading your last number."

The girls of Virginia City have taken  
to wearing single braids of hair hanging  
down their backs. The Chinese res-  
pondents believe that the mode is intended  
as an imitation of pigtails, and are much  
elated.

A veteran observer says that "old  
friends are like old boots. We never  
realize how perfectly they were fitted to  
us till they are cast aside, and, others,  
finer and more stylish, perhaps, but  
cramping and pinching in every corner,  
are substituted."

When a Turk is caught in any lie  
which is slanderous or detrimental to  
public interests, off goes one of his ears;  
if he tells a second, off goes the other.  
Now if that rule were introduced in our  
beloved land, how popular it would soon  
become to grow the hair long.

A Hartford gentleman who had tar-  
ried late at a wine-supper, found his wife  
awaiting his return in a high state of  
nervousness. Said she: "Here I've  
been waiting and rocking in a chair till  
my head swims round like a top." (Does  
my head swim round like a top?)  
—The atmosphere.

An elderly gentleman being greatly  
smitten with a young lady in church, pas-  
sed her an open prayer book with the pas-  
sage marked at the marriage service,  
"With thou take this man to be thy  
wedded husband." The girl quickly re-  
turned the book with this sentence strong-  
ly underlined, "No woman may marry  
her grandfather."

The man who answered an advertise-  
ment to the following effect had his cu-  
sosity satisfied: "If you would learn to  
make home happy send fifty cents in  
postage stamps to A. B. & Co. Upon re-  
ceipt of postage stamps I will reply, 'O  
you home would be more happy if you  
were less frequently there.'"

George Selwyn, a friend of old Lord  
Holland, had a morbid love of seeing  
executions, death-beds, and dead bodies.  
When Lord Holland lay dying, he said  
to his attendant, "If Mr. Selwin calls to-  
morrow, be sure to admit him; for if I  
am living I shall be glad to see him, and  
if I'm dead he will be delighted to see me."

The Jewish Messenger says a lady  
seeks employment as an "ornamental  
guest." She will assist at dinner or even-  
ing parties, and by her grace, wit and  
beauty, contribute to the entertainment  
of the company. She will do everything  
in the highest style of art; but will ex-  
pect a handsome compensation for her  
unique services.

It is related that out of the 105 men  
who have recently attained mathematical  
honors at Cambridge, England, and the  
twenty-nine who distinguished them-  
selves in the Law and History Tripos,  
there were forty-six boatmen, fifteen  
cricketers, ten foot-ball players, and  
eighteen who devoted themselves to other  
athletic sports.

A old bachelor in Orleans county,  
Vt., thinking over the subject, and per-  
ceiving that the chances of maintaining a  
family, set the table in his lonely abode  
with plates for himself and an imaginary  
wife and five children. He then sat  
down to dine, and as often as he helped  
himself to food he put the same quantity  
on each of the other plates, and surveyed  
the prospect, at the same time computing  
the cost. He is still a bachelor.



# MEXICO INDEPENDENT

MEXICO, THURSDAY, MAR. 26, 1874.

## News of the Week.

The horse disease is reported as spreading in New York, and the horse doctors do not seem to treat it effectually. It is different in some respects from the epizootic.

Prince Kalakaua has been elected King of the Sandwich Islands. A riot was created by the supporters of Queen Emma, but it was suppressed by United States and British marines. Threats of assassination have been made against Kalakaua.

Another very dense fog seriously interfered with navigation at New York, on Thursday, preventing thousands from reaching the city. The ferry boat Pomona collided with an unknown ship down the bay. There was considerable panic, but no lives lost.

The filibuster steamer Edgar Stuart has been seized at Baltimore by the government authorities.

The City of Peking steamship, launched at Chester, Penn., on Wednesday, 18th, is next in size to the Great Eastern, and is therefore the largest steamship in the world engaged in the merchant service.

The Senate committee on public buildings and grounds recommend the cutting down of appropriations for public buildings, but do not favor withholding appropriations altogether.

Judge Brady has decided adversely to the motion to alter the commitment of Tweed from Blackwell's Island to the Tombs, the original judgment on conviction being fully sustained.

At a meeting of the State Grand Jurors of Albany, on Wednesday, Friday, resolutions were adopted in favor of improving the canal, repeal of town bonding acts, low tolls and the canal funding amendment, reform in taxation, and banking, and in favor of reasonable temperance reform. G. D. Hinckley was elected master.

The Carlists have captured an outlying fort at Bilbao. The bombardment of the city continues.

Gen. Wolsey has arrived in England and will be given a banquet by the lord mayor of London.

The British Parliament reassembled, Thursday, and the Queen's speech was read. Her Majesty states that the foreign relations of Great Britain continue to be most friendly, that the Atlantic war has ended satisfactorily, that the marriage of the Duke of Edinburgh is a pledge of friendship between England and Russia, and that steps have been taken to mitigate the effects of the Indian famine.

The Duke of Padua and others who took part in the recent demonstrations at Chiselmur have been removed from the offices held by them under the French Government.

The sons of the Siamese twins have claimed the bodies of their fathers at Philadelphia, and deny that they are to be exhibited.

The Auburn flyer is being supplied with a different style of wheel in place of those of steel iron, originally adopted. The new ones will be made of canvas, stretched on frames, properly strengthened. The new gearing is found to answer all requirements.

The Spaniards in Cuba are preparing for an offensive movement when all the troops are concentrated in the central department.

The rise in the Thames, in England, Friday, did considerable damage, several lives being lost and business being suspended.

The Dominion government has appointed George Brown commissioner, to proceed to Washington, in connection with reciprocity negotiations.

Judge Dent, brother of Mrs. Grant, died in Washington, Sunday.

President Grant denies the statement in the New York papers that he intended to veto any legislation increasing the currency.

In the U. S. Senate, on Monday, the bill reported from the committee on finance, and ordered to be printed, fixes the maximum limit of greenback circulation at \$382,000,000, and authorizes free bonding under the provided that for every \$1,000,000 of new national bank notes issued there shall be retired \$700,000 of greenbacks, until the total amount of outstanding greenback circulation shall be reduced to \$300,000,000.

In the House, on Monday, the bill fixing the amount of circulation at \$400,000,000 was taken up. Several amendments were rejected; and after debate the original bill was passed.

The cutlery works of Landers, Freary & Clarke, of New Britain, Conn., were burned Monday, involving a loss of \$800,000 and throwing 400 workmen out of employment.

Ira Paine has sued Bergh, for breaking up a pigeon shooting match. The suit was begun in New York, Monday.

Residents about Bald mountain say stange noises were first heard in the mountain, February 12 ult. A lady who lives near the place writes to her son in New York that near the summit of that peak an enormous half an acre was agitated by subterranean upheavals and then sunk, smoke and vapor issuing from the spot.

A large temperance meeting was held in St. James Hall, Buffalo, Sunday. Seventy ladies proposed to obtain 10,000 signatures to a petition to the excise commissioners asking for the enforcement of the laws in selling liquor. The women have visited saloon keepers, but have done so quietly, relying on argument and moral suasion. There are 1,630 saloons in the city.

A large section of country on the Mississippi is inundated, and 25 miles of the Chicago and Great Bluff railroad has been swept away.

A fire in the business part of Elmira, Tuesday, did damage to the extent of \$200,000.

Disraeli has consented to receive a deputation of Irish members of Parliament who ask release of the Fenian convicts.

The Canadian Parliament has been prorogued till May 4.

DON'T BE DISCOURAGED.—Suppose you have "tried fifty remedies" and received no benefit, is there therefore "no pain in Gilead?" Verily there is. Your liver may be congested, your stomach half paralyzed, your nerves quivering, your muscles knotted with torture, your bowels constricted, your lungs diseased, your blood full of impurities—yet in one week after commencing a course of **DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS** you will feel like a new creature.

Fever and Ague, Chills Fever, &c.

A few months after having commenced the manufacture of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the proprietor began to receive numerous letters from all parts of the Western and Southern States bestowing the most unbounded praise upon it for having promptly cured the writers or their friends of Fever and Ague, or other forms of miasmatic or malarious diseases. He was repeatedly urged to make known the wonderful virtues of the Discovery in the cure of Ague and kindred diseases. He always replied that it was not intended for a "cure all," and should be recommended to people as a remedy for so many different forms and classes of disease, who feared those who had never tested its virtues would at once class it among the numerous humbugs of the day. This answer was satisfactory to no one; they argued that the whole country ought to know it at once, and expressed their astonishment at his indifference to the subject. His ear and heart being at all times open to the call of suffering humanity, he has at last, after having received testimony from hundreds who have been speedily cured by it, and many of them after quinia and all the usual means had failed, consented to make the matter known.

NEWARK, Jeff. Co., Kan., Jan. 6, '73.  
Dr. PIERCE:—Having used a few bottles of your Golden Medical Discovery, and believing it to be the very best medicine for chills and fever I wish to buy it by the dozen, please give me your price for it.  
REV. THOS. O'REILLY.

It is no wonder—that invalids lose faith in all specific medicines, and that many of the various advertised, but which when tried are "found wanting." We have yet to learn, however, of the first failure of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, to cure coughs, colds and pulmonary disease.

More than 50 years have elapsed since Johnson's Anodyne Liniment was first invented, during which time hundreds of thousands have been benefited by its use. Probably no article ever became so universally popular with all classes as Johnson's Anodyne Liniment.

Pills which contain antimony, quinine and calomel, should be avoided, as severe griping pains will be their only result. The safest, surest and best pills are *Perrin's Purgative or Anti-Bilious Pills*.

## MARRIED:

At North Volney, March 16, 1874, by E. W. Sprague, Esq., Mr. Alphonso Ingersoll and Miss Mary A. Bell, all of North Volney.

In Franklin, Herkimer Co., N. Y., March 19, 1874, by Rev. M. H. Perry, Luther M. Hayes, of Franklin, N. Y., to Mrs. Kate A. Drummond, of Franklin, N. Y.

At the Congregational parsonage in Sandy Creek, N. Y., Feb. 21st, 1874, by Rev. J. N. Hicks, Geo. W. Curtis, of Salem, Mass., to Miss Eliza A. Rudd, of South Albion, Oswego Co., N. Y.

In Sturgis, Michigan, March 11th, 1874, at the residence of Mr. O. L. Davis, brother of the bride, by Rev. Chas. Dunlap, Hon. John Parker, of Orwell, N. Y., to Mrs. Maria Loring, of Sturgis.

At the residence of Warren Walbridge, Port Ontario, March 15th, 1874, by L. B. Cole, Esq., Mr. George E. Jones to Miss Josephine E. Benjamin, both of Richmond.

## DIED:

In Richmond, March 14, 1874, Mary Wells, aged 30 years.

In Orwell, March 10, 1874, Mercy Wymann, wife of E. D. Wymann, aged 83 years.

March 11, 1874, in Livingston, Ill., M. Mrs. youngest daughter of Rev. F. Kellogg, of North Granville, N. Y.

In the town of Kenilworth, Wisconsin, on the 16th of Feb., Mr. Thomas Barnard, father of Mrs. Holt, of this village, aged 95 years.

## Reduction in Prices.

**B. J. HALE,**  
New Haven, N. Y.,  
Would inform his patrons and friends that he has enlarged his stock of

**UNDERTAKING GOODS**  
with a choice lot of  
Caskets, Coffins, Robes, &c., &c.,  
All of which will be sold at greatly

**REDUCED PRICES.**  
New Haven, March 25, 1874. B. J. HALE.

**DR. MILNE.**  
I expect to start for home in two weeks, and should fortune favor, will be in Oswego ready to see patients by April 10th.

JAS. A. MILNE.  
London, March 6, 1874.

**SPECIAL NOTICES.**  
**Dyspepsia! Dyspepsia!**  
That head-ached disorder, with its sad depression of Spirits, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Scalding Eruptions, Oppressive Fulness, Loss of Appetite, Nervous, Wasted Appearance, and Nervous Debility, all indicating imperfect digestion and assimilation of food, and thereby lack of nutrition, so necessary to the support of health, can be effectually cured by the use of **HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS**, the favorite prescription of that eminent German physician, Dr. J. C. Hoofland, of Langen Salza, Germany, the efficacy of which won for him many marks of distinction by the crowned heads and nobles of Europe. It tones the stomach to healthy action, regulates the bowels, arouses the torpid liver, promotes natural perspiration, invigorates the nerves, and restores all the functions of Nature to vigorous health. The efficacy of this remedy is daily acknowledged by the happy subjects of its treatment, who now enjoy robust health.

**HOOFLAND'S PODOPHYLLIN PILLS** are recommended when a purgative is required. They operate thoroughly without griping. They are the best Anti-Bilious Pills extant.

**JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO.,** Proprietors, Philadelphia. Sold by all Druggists.

At a Surrogate's Court, held in and for the County of Oswego, in the Village of Mexico, on the 21st day of March, 1874.

Present, THOMAS W. SKINNER, Surrogate. In the matter of the will of Sally Smith, deceased, for authority to mortgage, lease or sell the Real Estate of the said Sally Smith, deceased, as shall be necessary to pay her debts.—Dated this 21st day of March, 1874.

On reading and filing the application of Cyrus W. Hartson, Executor of the will of Sally Smith, late of Albion, Oswego County, N. Y., deceased, for authority to mortgage, lease or sell the Real Estate of the said Sally Smith, deceased, as shall be necessary to pay her debts.—Dated this 21st day of March, 1874.

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## MEXICO MARKETS.

The following are the prices paid for farmers produce, etc., in this market:  
Flour (retail) \$3.00, red \$2.00, white \$1.00  
Meal, 1/2 cwt, (retail) 80 @ 90  
Corn, 1/2 cwt, (retail) 50 @ 55  
Oats, 1/2 cwt, (retail) 25 @ 34  
Butter, 1/2 cwt, (retail) 11 @ 14  
Lard, 1/2 cwt, (retail) 10 @ 12 1/2  
Eggs, 1/2 doz, 15 @ 16  
Beef 1/2 lb, 85 @ 87  
Pork, 1/2 cwt, 85 @ 87  
Mutton, 1/2 cwt, 85 @ 87  
Pork, 1/2 barrel, retail, 85 @ 87  
Pork 1/2 cwt, 85 @ 87  
Apples, (dried), 1/2 lb, 07 @ 08  
Ham, 1/2 lb, 09 @ 12  
Dried poultry, 1/2 lb, 2 @ 10  
Potatoes, 1/2 bush, 40 @ 50

## Housekeepers Take Notice.

Oswego Flour, Winter, \$2.15; Spring, \$1.30.  
Keweenaw 1/2 cwt, 15 cts per gallon.  
One Dollar Tea, 85 cts per lb.  
Pork, (retail), from 9 to 10 cts.  
Lard, 12 cts.  
Hams, 9 cts.  
10 to 13 cts.  
1/2 doz, \$1.30 per doz.  
5 cts per bar.  
7 cts per spool.  
The poor can have cheaper.  
W. O. JOHNSON, Washington St., Mexico.

## PAIN-KILLER!

1840. 1874.  
Time Tests The Merits Of All Things.

THIRTY YEARS is certainly long enough time to prove the efficacy of any medicine, and that the Pain-Killer is deserving of all its popular claims for it is amply proved by the unparalleled popularity it has attained. It is sold in almost every country in the world, and it needs only to be known to be prized, and its reputation as a Medicine of Great Virtue, is fully and permanently established. It is the great Family Medicine of the age. Taken internally, it cures Dysentery, Cholera, Diarrhoea, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Bowel Complaint, Painter's Colic, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Sudden Cold, Sore Throat and Coughs. Taken Externally, it cures Bruises, Bells, Felons, Cuts, Burns, Scalds, Old Sores and Sprains, Swellings of the Joints, Toothache, Pain in the Face, Neuralgia and Rheumatism, Chapped Hands, Frost Bitten Feet, &c.

Pain is supposed to be the lot of our mortal, as inevitable as death, and liable at any time to come upon us. Therefore it is important that remedial agents should be at hand to be used on emergency, when we are made to feel the excruciating agony of pain, or the depressing influences of disease. Such a remedial agent in Perry Davis' "Pain-Killer," the fame of which has extended over all the earth. And the eternal loss of the Polar regions, or beneath the intolerable and burning suns of the tropics its virtues are known and appreciated. And by its suffering humanity has found relief from many of its ills. The effect of the Pain-Killer upon the patient, when taken internally in cases of Cough, Cold, Bowel Complaint, Cholera, Dysentery, and other affections of the system, has been truly wonderful, and has won for it a name among medical preparations that can never be forgotten. Its success in removing pain, as an external remedy, in cases of Burns, Bruises, Sore and Sprains, Cuts, Stings of Insects, &c., and other causes of suffering has secured for it the most prominent position among the medicines of the day. Beware of counterfeits and worthless imitations. Call for Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain-Killer, and take no other.

Sold by Druggists and Grocers.  
Feb. 18, 1874.

**Cyrus Whitney,**  
Attorney & Counselor at Law,  
Neal Block, (East end of Lower Bridge), Oswego, N. Y. Special attention paid to Collections, Foreclosure of Mortgages, Adjustments of Titles, Conveyancing, Assignments, Bankruptcy, Wills, Settlements, Estates, Railroad, Commercial and Marine, &c.

CYRUS WHITNEY, (Co. Judge).

## RAILROAD Mills.

**BE WISE! KEEP SO!**

GO TO

Railroad Mills for your

**FLOUR AND FEED.**

**CUSTOM GRINDING**

In all its branches.

All work warranted to please.

Give me a call. L. ROBBINS.  
Mexico, Feb. 4, 1875. 14

## ATTENTION!

Through the Independent I would inform the citizens of Mexico and surrounding country, that I have now

**Filled up my Store with a Large Stock of CHOICE GROCERIES.**

Which I am prepared to

**SELL VERY CHEAP.**

Knowing that a nimble sale is better than a slow selling, I have decided to sell on the cash principle.

I shall **SELL FOR CASH ONLY,** and will **NOT BE UNDERSOLD** by anyone in town.

I pay the highest market price for

Butter, Eggs and Produce.

Also the highest price paid for

Slaughter Hides, Veal Skins, Deacon Skins and Sheep Pelts.

## MEAT MARKET.

I also keep on hand a fine supply of all kinds of

MEATS, FISH & OYSTERS.

Which I shall sell at low prices.

And I would say to all persons having accounts at my store, if they are not settled within ten days, they will be left for collection.

**T. J. TEMPLE.**  
Mexico, Feb. 23d, 1874.

# A New Departure!

**Cash! Cash!**

**CASH!**

**How to make it.**

**How to Save it.**

**READY PAY! READY PAY!**

**THE ONLY WAY!**

**RESUME!**

HAVING long realized the injustice to the CASH BUYER of the MIXED CASH or CREDIT system, I have determined from this date forward to sell exclusively for CASH or READY PAY.

These and numerous other savings are for the benefit of the CASH BUYER.

**READ! READ!! READ!!!**

**Consumers, be Convinced**

That this New Departure is made especially for your benefit. By paying cash you enable your Grocer to buy for Cash.

By selling for Cash he saves Interest on slow accounts. Also discounts and poor accounts.

These and numerous other savings are for the benefit of the CASH BUYER.

**LISTEN TO REASON.**

By patronizing an exclusively Ready Pay Store you will save from \$50 to \$100 dollars annually, which you now pay in extra profits, to make good the losses incurred by the dealer who sells on credit. We bid for the trade of the people WHO PAY.

The highest market price always paid for

Butter, Eggs and all Farm Produce.

**COME AND SEE! COME AND SEE!!**

And Compare Our Prices With Those of any Store in the Country.

**Competition Defied.**

ONESTY, Uprightness, Fair Dealing, Promptness and politeness always practiced. Slang, Profanity and Falshood are banished from the

**READY PAY STORE.** Our customers may come with the expectation of RECEIVING OUR BEST ENDEAVORS TO PLEASE THEM.

Positively no goods considered sold until paid for.

Our books are full.

**E. H. WADSWORTH**

Mexico, April 1st, 1874.

# Good News

TO

Purchasers of

**Building Material.**

**Homer Ames**

Mexico, N. Y., Manufacturer of

**DOORS.**

The largest and best assortment ever in the Town of Mexico for

**Only \$1.50**

and upwards. Different styles of sash and circular doors made to order on the shortest notice.

**FRAMES.**

Door Frames, Window Frames, Store

Fronts, &c., &c., on hand and made to

order with dispatch.

**SASH.**

Assortment complete and made to

order with promptness. Sash painted

and glass set when ordered to do so.

Having added a new Blind Slat Ten

Machine to my works, I am now

enabled to fill orders for 25 to 30 cents

per foot. Door Blinds, Inside Shutters,

&c., &c., made to order on the most reasonable terms.

**MOULDINGS.**

With the best and most complete assortment of kinds, I am enabled to give

better satisfaction than any one in the country.

**SCROLL SAWING.**

All kinds and styles done on the shortest notice.

**TURNING.**

Of every description done with dispatch, with prices to suit the times, and to please all.

## WANTED,

50,000 Railroad Ties

Delivered at any station on the line of the Syracuse Northern Railroad. Ties can be made from hemlock, black ash, tamarack or spruce; must have six inch face, and be six inches thick, eight feet long and square at one end.

**WANTED,**  
500,000 Salt Barrels

To be delivered the coming season on the line of the Syracuse Northern Railroad. We are happy to inform the public that, after spending much time and money, we have succeeded in making arrangements with the Salt Company of Syracuse which enable us to buy barrels, and at all times pay the Syracuse market price, after deducting a small railroad freight, much less than the cost of drawing with a team. Or we will enter into contract with parties who desire, at a stated price, for the coming season, thus relieving the farmer from expense, trouble and loss of time in going to Syracuse, and at the same time enabling him to receive the full market price for barrels. We shall erect a building suitable for storage when cars cannot be procured. Barrels can be made from ripe hemlock or cut hardwood staves. Cash will be paid on delivery.

**WANTED,**  
500,000 salt barrel staves, delivered at any station on the line of the Syracuse Northern Railroad. The highest market price will be paid, and cash on delivery.

**WANTED,**  
500,000 pieces of salt barrel heading, delivered at any station on the line of the Syracuse Northern Railroad. The highest market price will be paid, and cash on delivery.

**WANTED,**  
10,000 cords of stove bolts, delivered at any station on the line of the Syracuse Northern Railroad. Best quality cut from hemlock or soft maple, beech, birch, elm, ash or basswood. Cash on delivery.

**W**



## HOME AND COUNTY.

## Apportionment of School Money.

The following table shows the amount of school money apportioned to the town of Mexico for 1874:

District No.	Amount
1	\$139.84
2	100.31
3	133.91
4	118.98
5	96.34
6	76.88
7	190.12
8	324.16
9	149.45
10	85.15
11	81.85
12	82.45
13	83.05
14	79.36
15	115.23
16	154.41
17	83.31
18	104.05
19	77.37
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$2276.22</b>

## Real Estate Sales.

Seneca Davison to Albert Adams, part lots Nos. 78, 79, 90 and 91 in Mexico. Consideration, \$5,500. March, 1874.

Celestine Monier and others to Frederick Morell, part of lot 155 in Mexico, \$1,525. March, 1873.

Calvin C. Tillson to Samuel V. Vanorden, 110 rods of land in Parish, \$2,000. August, 1873.

Arthur Dennis to George W. Dennis, 55 acres in Parish, \$2,500. December, 1871.

W. George Baxter to Susan Dennis, 25 acres in Parish, \$800. December, 1871.

Margaret Forworth to Thomas Leavy, part of lot No. 45 in Redfield, 500. March, 1874.

John Place, et al., to Elias Lancy 120 77-100 acres in Albion, \$3,900. March, 1874.

Charles S. Callins to Orlando Towles, part of lot No. 172 in Albion, \$1,250. May, 1864.

Le Grand H. Hollen to Orlando Towles, lot in village of Sand Bank, \$1,700. March, 1874.

Sarah M. Place to John Place and others, 120 77-100 acres in Albion, \$1,000. March, 1874.

John Wilson to George W. Farman, part of lot No. 63 in New Haven, \$325. October, 1855.

## To be Repeated.

Prof. Peck's Panorama, illustrating Ten Nights a Bar Room, Pilgrim's Progress, and the Life of Christ, will be repeated at the Universalist church in this village, on Wednesday evening, April 1st. The entire exhibition is beautiful, interesting and instructive. It is enough to say of its merits that all who have met of those who attended the first time are very desirous of seeing it again. All are requested to come and judge for themselves as to its worth. Admission to begin at 7 o'clock. Admission 20 cents. Children 10 cents.

## Teachers' Examination—Third District

A Teachers' Examination will be held at each of the following places, viz:

School House, Dist. No. 7, Mexico, April 4.	Palaska, April 6.
Academy, Sandy Creek, " 7.	School House, Sandy Creek, " 7.
Orwell, " 8.	Orwell, " 8.
Redfield, " 9.	Redfield, " 9.
Williamstown, " 10.	Williamstown, " 10.
Sand Bank, " 11.	Sand Bank, " 11.

I will again be at the School House in District No. 7, Mexico, Wednesday, April 15, to examine any teachers that cannot meet me at either of the above named places. Examinations commence at 9 o'clock. Teachers will please be punctual.

J. W. LADD, School Com'r.

Mexico, March 21, 1874.

## Auction Sale of Boots and Shoes.

I will sell at public auction, at my store in Mexico, on Saturday afternoon and evening, March 28th, the remnant of my stock of Shoes and Rubbers, consisting of about \$200 worth, mostly ladies' and children's wear. Come one, come all, and secure a bargain. No by bidders. Terms cash.

E. H. WADSWORTH.

**FRIEND HUMPHRIES.**—In your issue of March 19 we noticed a short sketch, signed by the triple star of Colosse, concerning the exhibition given by Robert Baker and Class on the evening of March 14 and in reply would say that we also were well pleased with the entertainment, but were not pleased to hear the quiet, inoffensive boys of Parish styled "roughs and rowdies." The young men present on that occasion have the highest moral standing and are not skilled in pugilism, and furthermore they had no hand in the fracas; the pugilists were all residents of Colosse and vicinity, and if they were incited by bad whiskey, Parish boys are not to blame. The mouths of the so-called "roughs" have been examined and their teeth are all right. The boys acknowledge they were caught in bad company, and, like poor dog Tray, they will profit by the example.

The valiant officer spoken of was assailed by a lad of 14 who, we are sorry to say, lives in our quiet town, but, residing so near the line, his manners no doubt have been corrupted by his close association with the worthies of Colosse. (Signed.) "PARISH BOYS."

**MORE ENTERPRISE.**—Homer Ames has bought the old planning mill of Newell & Adams, has torn it down, and is now erecting in its place a new planning mill 90 feet long, 44 feet front and three stories high. He has already ordered for doors, sash and blinds to the amount of \$4,000. Homer is one of our most industrious and enterprising young men, and deserves to succeed.

**A SINGULAR FATALITY.**—A singular and sad fatality has attended the family of Patrick Campbell, who lives in the south part of Albion, in this county. A short time ago a child of 20 months was scalded to death by sitting down in a pail of hot water, and now within a month another child of between three and four years of age, was scalded to death in almost the same manner—each living only a day or two after the accident.

**Oh, Say! Have You Seen**

The new Remington Sewing Machine?

C. C. LESTER, Agent, Mexico, N. Y.

## The New Organ.

On Monday afternoon we had the pleasure of listening to the new organ which has just been put in the Episcopal church. It is a beautiful instrument, exactly filling the space designed for it, and harmonizing finely with all the other appointments of the church. Its tones are very sweet and rich, and may be varied from the softest flute-like notes that seem to come from afar to those of the greatest depth and volume. Its music in its praise, and we cannot say too much charmed us, and it will be played for public worship for the first time on Easter Sunday, April 5. The organ was built by Steer & Turner, Westfield, Mass., and great credit is due to the officers of the Parish for placing within the hearing of us all so fine an instrument.

The following is an accurate description of the organ, and will be interesting to musicians:

There are one Manual of 58 notes and a Pedale of 27 notes. The following is a list of stops and pipes:

**GREAT MANUAL.** COMPASS C to A3.  
No. 1. 8 feet, Open Diapason Bass, (in the case and ornamented) metal, 17 pipes.  
No. 2. 8 feet, Open Diapason, (full and bold) metal, 41 pipes.  
No. 3. 8 feet, Keraulophon, (delicate and crisp) metal, 41 pipes.  
No. 4. 8 feet, Super Octave, (Bass, rich and mellow) wood, 17 pipes.  
No. 5. 8 feet, Melodia, (rich and mellow) wood, 41 pipes.  
No. 6. 4 feet, Octave, (medium scale) metal, 58 pipes.  
No. 7. 4 feet, Violin Bass, (delicate) metal, 17 pipes.  
No. 8. 4 feet, Chimes Flute, (clear bright) metal, 41 pipes.  
No. 9. 2 feet, Super Octave, (medium scale) metal, 58 pipes.  
No. 10. 8 feet, Oboe, (plaintive) metal, 58 pipes.

**PEDALE ORGAN.**  
No. 11. 16 feet, Bourdon, wood, 27 pipes.  
No. 12. Manual to Pedal Coupler.  
No. 13. Tremulant, self-balance swell pedal.  
No. 14. Bellows Signal.

The Pedale Manuale consists of 27 notes, and is capable, therefore, of having an obligato solo played on it.

If you are keeping house, don't fail to read the advertisement of Stone, Robinson & Co., in another column. The spring cleaning is at hand, and you ought to see their stock before deciding what paper to put on the walls, or about the new curtains.

## Letter from Massachusetts.

ROSLINDALE, MASS., March 5, '74.  
MR. HUMPHRIES—Dear Sir: Have all the readers of the Mexico Independent been in Boston? If they have, will they agree with me that it is one of the very best of our American cities? It was my good fortune during the past few weeks to spend several days in Boston, and I must say I was delighted with it. Of course I visited Bunker Hill monument, clambered up to its top and looked over in imagination the battle it commemorates. And yet I do not know but that the thought of the battle soon faded away in the presence of the magnificent prospect which its high tower afforded me. There was the city itself, almost directly underneath from which came up the sound of varied industry. There was the Charles River filled with ever-going steamers. Around about lay Charlestown and Cambridge, and South Boston, and Roxbury, and Chelsea, &c.

Farther off on one side was the bay dotted here and there with incoming or outgoing craft; on the other stretched out a beautiful country dotted as well with villages and country seats.

Truly a fine view, worth a trip to Boston to see, were there nothing besides. But there are many things besides. There are the noble public gardens and the grand old common with its famous pond.

There is the city, newly redeemed from fire, with its magnificent dwellings and churches. There is the great public library at which every man, woman and child of Boston can get any book the mind or memory can ask; then there is the great organ whose fine, tremulous notes form so strange and happy a contrast with its towering base, and the City Hall with its fine proportions and beautiful facade. Now must we forget the noble Hall noble above with its portraits and thronging memories, and peek below with its market-stuff? Tremont Temple where religion and business have been made mutually helpful as they should always be, the large and handsome hotels, and last, but not least thought of by tourist, the narrow and crooked streets which lead one knows not whither and where one is lost before he is aware.

About the crooked streets a Bostonian told me a story which well illustrates difficulties. A gentleman from the West coming in one of the trains, thought he would walk from the depot to his hotel. A friend gave him full directions, and off he started. After walking an hour or two, he concluded he must be somewhere near the end of his journey, and approaching a policeman said:

"Am I not near the Tremont House, sir?" The policeman looked at him curiously for a moment, and then said:

"You are just at the opposite side of the city from Tremont House, about two miles off I should think."

There was nothing to do but to get new directions and start again, and this our friend proceeded to do. After a long journey in which it seemed to him he had exactly and carefully followed his directions, he accented another policeman with the same inquiry. Again he met a curious look and again was informed that he was at least a mile from the right place. There was no carriage to be had, and our friend once more had to take up his march.

After a long journey again, he finally found a cab, and now completely worn out, he said to the driver:

"I'll give you five dollars if you'll take me to the Tremont House."

"Do you mean it?" said the driver.

"Of course I mean it," said our friend and with that jumped in. The cab was driven round one corner and up one street a little way, and behold there was the Tremont House. When our friend had made his bargain, he was within two blocks of the place he wished to find.

But apart from its crooked streets, and indeed with them, Boston is a charming city with charming suburbs, and whoever reads this rambling article should make up his mind to visit it.

Respectfully yours, E. B. B.

The new Remington Sewing Machine is the most simple, the most durable, the lightest running, the best made, the most elegant, and the most easily managed.

Phix elected the temperance ticket with E. J. Vickery as president.

## Moving Day.

The annual moving day is now upon us. Another year has developed its ever changing circumstances, making it necessary for some to change their situations to meet them. Short-sighted mortals, in this as in other affairs, are liable to mistakes, yet the majority of removals are doubtless for the better. Some families remain stationary either from a failure to improve better chances or having no chances to improve.

A distant removal is assuming more than what appears on the surface. The severing of ties and breaking up of associations, the changing of a spot familiar for one where scenery, faces and habits are alike strange, where nothing outside of recollection reminds one of the past, are the few necessary articles carried wither, creates feelings akin to those of a final departure, only in the leap one alights in the same instead of a future world. Short removes do not require such an amount of swinging off into self-dependence. It is merely dispensing with a few and reserving the remainder of our associations. Those who remain in one position for a life-time, or term of years, are not exempt from change. They only retain that part of the scenery not changed by enterprise, while the inroads of mortality and the removals to and from their locality gradually work a change that, after a few years, startle them as they arouse to its reality, and discover a change around them as complete as though they had themselves moved. We cannot retain what is already within our grasp. It will either grow out or die out of our hands. Man himself is subject to change. The same features and sometimes ideas are often, after a lapse of years, not discernible in the same person.

But of moving day we were speaking, when household effects are in heaps and bulky loads jostle along, when families belong to furniture instead of furniture to families; when ponderous loads of costly furniture, destined for some elegant mansion, and the scanty horse-load of rough furniture and duds, with wife and children aboard, bound to some basement or garret, meet on a level in the street, and when one's few remaining senses are overwhelmed in topsy-turvy and hurly-burly, this day in its direct aspects and wildest confusion, has, underlying its thin and bustling elements, of halloved thought that only a moving day can arouse. Only those about to leave our habitation occupied for years know of the sad yet cheerful reminiscences that cluster around the memory, the flashings across the mind of by-gone scenes long since forgotten, as the last look is given on departure. There are empty rooms into which a wistful look is bestowed, that reminds of pleasant family pastimes, vacant corners, where the eye lingers, where once stood the bed upon which a member of the family sank into death's embrace, hall viewings, which once witnessed happy greetings and sad adieus, and other apartments, into which hasty glances are given, each reminding of incidents of years gone by.

We will not speak lightly of moving day or its excitements, when underneath its turnouts and commotions there is a leaving-taking, bringing back scenes of parting children, blooming youth and tettering old age; when it reminds of voices now hushed, of hands now crossed over pulseless hearts; when the echo of the last good-bye is still in the air, and the heart is torn by the thought of the years to come.

It is hinted that our country is getting to be very wicked on account of the vast amount of criminal business done in the country. Now we are not going to call the wickedest town in the county, even if our excellent Deputy Sheriff found the van in large bills. We have behaved well under his supervision, but he has had a terrible time with others, and deserves our sympathy.

"Parish Boys" say "they behaved well at Colosse the other night," when they went to visit their old and respected teacher, R. Baker. "Those rowdies can be found a little nearer home," say they, "than Parish."

Parish, March 21, 1874. ODD.

Teachers' Examination.—I will hold a teachers' examination at Jennings' Corners, Wednesday, April 8th, 1874; Parish, Thursday, April 9; West Parish, Saturday, April 11; Bernhard's Bay, Monday, April 13; Central Square, Tuesday, April 14; Phoenix, Wednesday, April 15.

Examination will commence at 9 a. m. I shall be at Central Square the first and fourth Fridays of May and June.

W. B. HOWARD, School Com'r.

"Summer's Grand Funeral March," by E. Mack, comes to us from the Publishers, Lee & Walker, Philadelphia. It is a beautiful tribute to the memory of the champion of Universal Liberty, and a copy should be on every piano in the land. It can be had at any Music Store, for 30 cents, or will be mailed on receipt of that amount by the Publishers.

New arrival of Teas, splendid quality. Go and see at HOSK & CO'S.

CHRIST CHURCH (Universalist).—Regular services every Sunday, at 2 o'clock p. m. All are invited. Seats free. Rev. James Vincent, Pastor.

Now is the Time!

Buy your hot-bed and other Seeds, for Early Vegetables, from Briggs & Bros, Rochester, N. Y. For sale by B. S. STONE & CO.

WANTED.—Five hundred cords of Wood in exchange for Extension Tables, Couches, Bureaus and Bureau Washstands. All goods warranted.

Old Farmstead, Main St., Mexico, N. Y. H. HOMER BALLARD.

Boots and Shoes for Sale.—By the undersigned, custom made, and advantageous rates, at Whitney's Shoe Shop, opposite the brick school-house. He will also keep for sale, at Norton's Dry Goods Store, a few samples of fine calf and kip Boots. Warranted to give satisfaction. Call and examine. F. N. WHITNEY.

Mexico, Jan. 28, 1874.

Steel Digging teeth cost no more than iron. For sale at the bottom price Hardware Store of B. S. STONE & CO.

21-2w B. S. STONE & CO.

## PARISH.

There has been seen several times, of late, in the vicinity of Dutch Hill, in this town, a huge panther.

Wm. H. Crosby, of this town, has recently patented a swing stanchion for the purpose of better securing cattle in the stable. It has the advantage over the common stanchion by being so arranged by joints that the cattle can move backwards and forwards, and when they lie down they need not breathe upon their fodder. If desired the stanchion can be made stationary.

By the politeness of Jerry Foley, Esq., ex-superintendent, we have received the last copy of the proceedings of the Board of Supervisors of 1873, of which we note a few items.

The Superintendents of the Poor have charged the county jointly for their services for one year, \$291 days, at \$2 per day, \$1059.

They have charged for railroad fare, one year, \$305.38. They have also charged for the same time for "use of horse and wagon," \$310.85. Then there are some "cash expenses," besides which we are not told what the cash was used for, amounting to \$321.43. In addition to above there is a charge of \$82.66, for transporting paupers and lunatics about the country. One poor superintendent got a little befooled in addition for 1872, and did not get his bill high enough then by \$10.62.

Here are some figures that is well for the tax paying gentry to look into. Look at it, \$205.38 railroad fare; \$310.85 for "use of horse and wagon," "cash expenses" \$321.43; these three items amount to \$937.66. It seems to us that the superintendents must do a vast amount of riding about at the people's expense. The question arises, is there any need of this. The amount per day they receive, it seems to us, would naturally cover the most of these items.

Town officers do not charge for use of horse and wagon, or railroad fare, or dinners, in the performance of their duties, and we see no good reason why county officers should. Such tramped up bills should be frowned upon by the people. The people have suffered such bills to be imposed upon them too long already. It would be much cheaper for the county to establish a livery for the purpose of riding their officers, about than to pursue this course longer, and we suggest further, that the county had better establish a pauper house for our county officers and keep them there. We could thus save a great many dinners and much horse flesh, and not expose them to railroad disasters. Such bills have a little show of rings—a little too much patterning after "Boss Tweed," "Boss Kemble" and "Boss Shepherd," those mathematical experts in "addition, division and silence." We are thankful that the people are looking to see where their money goes. The "salary grab" opened their eyes somewhat, and now they see corruption everywhere. Among our officers economy appears to be the last thing thought of. The people should remove these officers, and reduce the salaries of officers likewise. At Washington vast amounts are paid for doing little business for the government. We noticed a short time since that the government paid some \$22 to repair an old wheelbarrow, which probably was not worth that amount when new. Money making should be the last thing thought of by an officer.

It is hinted that our country is getting to be very wicked on account of the vast amount of criminal business done in the country. Now we are not going to call the wickedest town in the county, even if our excellent Deputy Sheriff found the van in large bills. We have behaved well under his supervision, but he has had a terrible time with others, and deserves our sympathy.

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## A Visit to New York.

EDITOR INDEPENDENT.—On a recent trip to New York, contrary to my usual custom of taking the night train, I took the noon train from Albany, and by so doing had a fair opportunity of seeing the harvesting of the "ice crop" on the Hudson. It seems strange to farmers and people of middle age to talk about harvesting ice, and about a short crop, and other similar phrases, for it is comparatively a modern species of agriculture. Formerly to have ice in summer was a rarity, but now, like many other things that were once luxuries, having grown into use, have become necessities.

The ice crop this winter is very poor, so that the answer to the cant phrase, "What is the biggest thing on ice?" will be "Price." It is estimated that only 750,000 tons will be obtained on the Hudson this year, instead of 1,500,000 usually harvested. Many new ice houses are being built along the river, and in one place I saw 300 men at work, who gathered from five to 10 acres daily. The ice field, as one looks down upon it, resembles men at work in a corn field, with boys on horseback, drawing saws instead of plows, marking off the ice in squares, while men with poles tow the long cakes of ice to the elevators, which carry it to the top of the ice houses. These ice houses are about the height and size of the Webb block, and have from four to eight elevators, extending from the water to the upper story, and are run by a steam engine.

The ice harvested on the Hudson is mostly used in New York, the South and the West Indies being supplied from the rivers and lakes of Maine. The trade is constantly increasing, and I was told by a gentleman that it is surprising how little is wasted by melting in transportation. For fear the supply would fail in New York this season, large quantities are being taken from Canada and other inland lakes; and at Constantia, in this country, I learn that several hundred men are at work getting ice, which is loaded at once into all the canal boats that can be obtained.

On Sunday afternoon I attended a Sunday-school where there were nearly 300 children between the ages of four and fourteen years, all of them the lame and crippled children of poor parents. A better school and happier children I never saw. Although the pale faces and emaciated forms of some of them testified to great physical suffering, yet their sweet and happy voices as they sang, their eager and intelligent looks as they recited their lessons and listened to the instructions of their teachers, strongly spoke of happiness and improvement.

You ask how came so many crippled children together? A few years ago Jonathan Sturges and other benevolent Christian gentlemen, having noticed in the families of the poor many children lame and paralyzed, so as to be helpless, with proper care and surgical attention could be cured, and whose parents were too poor to do anything for them, conceived the idea of building a hospital for these sufferers, where they could have a home and skillful surgeons to care for them till cured. The result is the elegant hospital near the Central Depot, built and almost wholly sustained by the contributions of these benevolent men. At present there are nearly 300 regular inmates of the hospital, besides the many children brought there from time to time.

Dr. Knight, the surgeon in charge, gave us the history of some of the cases. One little girl had paralysis of the limbs, and her mother, a poor washer-woman obliged to go from home each day to earn her food, had left the poor child sitting in her chair so long that her limbs and body became the shape of the chair seat in. She was brought there helpless but now was hopping about among the rest, and although lame, a beautiful happy child. Another girl 5 years of age, with a disease of the bones of the neck which causes her head to fall upon her breast, had braces and a band around her forehead to keep the head in place. Many of the children had steel braces or stockings to strengthen the ankles and straighten their limbs. Some of the boys have been so helped and taught as to obtain situations as clerks and bookkeepers.

I saw these children first on Saturday when they were in their holiday dress and expecting their parents and friends to visit them, and of course were in their happiest moments of expectancy. Some were on crutches, some hopping about on one foot, but most of them getting about by shoving their little chairs. Many of the stronger helping the weaker, and all showing a remarkable spirit of kindness towards each other.

They love and prize the Sunday-school and no greater punishment can be inflicted than to deprive them of going, and some were quite riotous in being carried to the Sunday-school room. The teachers are from the different churches in the city. The Superintendent is from Dr. Tyng's Church, and one of the teachers is the wife of Judge Barrett of the Supreme Court, and some of the wealthiest ladies of the city. One lady teacher said to be very wealthy had a little crippled boy of her own which she brought with her, and no doubt her own child's affliction made her more tender and thoughtful for those poor, suffering, homeless children.

The Hospital is four stories high. The first story is occupied by the attendants and contains reception rooms, surgeon offices, &c. The second story is for girls, all in one hall with their cots on each side. The third story is for boys, and the fourth story used entirely for a play room furnished with swings, hobby horses, play houses and their play things. The most delight of the hearts of children. The children are carried from one story to another by elevators. Every care and attention is given to secure the comfort and restore to health those little sufferers. Jew and Gentile, Catholic or Protestant are treated alike.

A full line of best quality Leather Belting on hand, at bottom prices. Also string leather in sides, and out to width, at B. S. STONE & CO'S.

A RED-HOT HEART.—The Northern Christian Advocate says: "The sermons of T. De Witt Talmage are the product of strong thought, a red-hot heart, a tremendous earnestness." Mr. Talmage has recently become editor of The Christian at Work, a first-class sixteen-page family and religious journal, published at 102 Chambers street, N. Y. G. H. Spurgeon is their special London contributor. Sample copies mailed free. See their advertisement.

The new Remington Sewing Machine before you buy. C. C. LESTER, Agent, Mexico, N. Y.

FOR SALE.—by the undersigned, a good work team, and a market wagon and harness. For particulars apply at the store of Stone, Robinson & Co., or to me.

N. A. BARTON, Mexico, March 18, 1874.

MR. AND MRS. AMOS MASON—have removed their stock of goods and dress-making establishment up town, on South Jefferson St., first door south of the Postoffice, where they will be pleased to see all of their old customers.

Mexico, March 10, 1874. 19-3w.

## BRIEFS.

—Skating yesterday.

—R. W. Slayton, of Parish has rented his farm to Grove Halsey.

—W. O. Johnson sold 62 barrels of pork on Tuesday.

—When you see Wm. T. Knight, ask him if he likes sweet cider.

—Forty thousand dollars worth of furniture is now going into the Doolittle House, Oswego.

—At the charter election in Phoenix on the 17th inst., the entire temperance ticket was elected.

—Over two hundred persons have been converted at Baldwinville during the late revival.

—S. L. Alexander has just received a very fine stock of boots and shoes. Call and examine them.

—Mr. J. M. Hood returned from the West on Saturday. He looks all the better for his trip.



